

IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT

CoST STATE

## Irrigation Formulas and Conversions

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## Water Measurement

1 cubic foot $=7.48$ gallons $=62.4$ pounds of water
1 acre-foot $=43,560$ cubic feet $=325,851$ gallons $=12$ acre-inches
1 acre-foot covers 1 acre of land 1 foot deep; 1 acre-inch $=27,154$
1 cubic meter $=1,000$ liters $=264.18$ gallons
1 acre-inch $=450$ gallons per minute (GPM) hour or 1 cubic foot per second (cfs)
1 gallon $=128$ ounces $=3,785$ milliliters
1 pound $=454$ grams

## Pressure

1 pound per square inch (psi) $=2.31$ feet of water
A column of water 2.31 feet deep exerts a pressure of 1 psi
feet of head $=\mathrm{psi} \times 2.31$
Total Dynamic Head (TDH) includes: Pumping Lift, Elevation Change, Friction
Loss, and Irrigation System Operating Pressure
TDH $=$ Lift + Elevation + Friction + System Pressure

## Area/Length

1 acre $=0.405$ hectare (ha) $=43,560$ feet $^{2}$
1 inch $=2.54$ centimeters

## Horsepower

Water Horsepower (WHP) - power required to lift a given quantity of water against a given total dynamic head.
$\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{WHP}=\frac{\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{H}}{3,960} \text { where: } & \mathrm{Q}=\text { flow rate, GPM } \\ \mathrm{H}=\text { total dynamic head, feet }\end{array}$
Brake horsepower (BHP) - required power input at the pump.
$\mathrm{BHP}=\frac{\text { WHP }}{\mathrm{E}}$ where: $\mathrm{E}=$ pump efficiency

## Power Unit Horsepower

Electric Units: approximate name plate horsepower $=\underline{\text { BHP }}$
0.9

Internal combustion units:
Must derate $20 \%$ for continuous duty
5\% for right-angle drive
$3 \%$ for each 1,000 feet above sea level
$1 \%$ for each $10^{\circ}$ above $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Approximate Engine
Horsepower Required $=\frac{\text { BHP }}{\frac{0.80 \times 0.95 \times 0.91 \times 0.96}{}}$
cont. drive $3,000^{\prime} 100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
duty elevation

Nebraska Performance Criteria (NPC)

Energy source
Diesel
Propane
Natural gas:
925 BTU/ft ${ }^{3}$
$1,000 \mathrm{BTU} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$
Electric

WHp-hours per unit of fuel
12.5 WHp-hrs per gallon
6.89 WHp-hrs per gallon
61.7 WHp-hrs per $1,000 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$ (MCF)
66.7 WHp-hrs per $1,000 \mathrm{ft}^{3}$ (MCF)
0.885 WHp-hrs per kilowatt-hour

## Water Application

Average Application (inches) $=\frac{\mathrm{QT}}{\mathrm{A}}$
where: $\quad \mathrm{Q}=$ =Flow Rate, Acre-Inches/Hour or GPM/450
T = Length of Application, Hours
A = Area Irrigated, Acres
Set Size (Acres) is computed by the formula:
No. of Rows x Width of Row (Feet) x Length of Run (Feet)
43,560 Feet²$^{2}$ /Acre

## Approximate Acreage Covered by Center Pivot

Acres Covered $=\underline{(\text { Radius of wetted area, feet })^{2} \times 3.14}$ 43,560
For radius:
Without end guns - add 40 feet to length of machine
With end guns - add 75 feet to length of machine
Irrigation Delivery Rate* per Acre (gpm/acre)

| Net irrigation application (inches/day) | 50 | System efficiency (percent) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
|  | ------------------ gpm/acre ------------------ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.10 | 3.77 | 3.14 | 2.69 | 2.36 | 2.10 | 1.89 |
| 0.15 | 5.66 | 4.71 | 4.04 | 3.54 | 3.14 | 2.83 |
| 0.20 | 7.54 | 6.29 | 5.39 | 4.71 | 4.19 | 3.77 |
| 0.25 | 9.43 | 7.86 | 6.73 | 5.89 | 5.24 | 4.71 |
| 0.30 | 11.31 | 9.43 | 8.08 | 7.07 | 6.29 | 5.66 |
| 0.35 | 13.20 | 11.00 | 9.43 | 8.25 | 7.33 | 6.60 |
| 0.40 | 15.09 | 12.57 | 10.78 | 9.43 | 8.38 | 7.54 |
| 0.45 | 16.97 | 14.14 | 12.12 | 10.61 | 9.43 | 8.49 |
| 0.50 | 18.86 | 15.71 | 13.47 | 11.79 | 10.48 | 9.43 |

Field delivery rate $=$ gpm/acre x acres irrigated
Net irrigation = gross irrigation x system efficiency

## Maximum Economical Pipe-flow Capacities

A rule of thumb for coupled and gated pipe:


400 gpm


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